# Tissue-Tek Genie®

# anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023]

**配 8356-C010** 

Instructions for use

For in vitro diagnostic use.

#### **Intended purpose**

Intended use: The Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] is designed to qualitatively detect SATB2 protein in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human tissue specimen sections by immunohistochemistry (IHC) staining on the automated Tissue-Tek Genie® Advanced Staining System.

This device functions as an aid for diagnosis and shall be used by a qualified pathologist with a panel of other antibodies to identify adenocarcinomas of colorectal origin from cancer of unknown primary (CUP).

#### Limitations

The Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] has been optimized for use with the Tissue-Tek Genie® Advanced Staining System, Tissue-Tek Genie® reagents, and FFPE specimen sections. Staining quality may be diminished when used with other systems and/or reagents.

The clinical interpretation must be made in conjunction with histological examination, relevant clinical information, a panel of other antibodies, other diagnostic tests, and proper controls by a qualified pathologist.

Staining quality may be diminished by improper or incomplete removal of the paraffin.

The sensitivity of this antibody to identify the SATB2 protein may be affected by improper specimen handling. This may alter antigenicity, weaken detection, and may generate false negative results.

Special processing of tissues such as decalcification of bone marrow tissues may lead to inconsistent staining.

Positively charged slides are recommended to obtain optimal staining with the Tissue-Tek Genie Advanced Staining System.

# **Summary and principle**

Immunohistochemistry (IHC) staining is an established *in vitro* diagnostic method to visualize the presence of specific proteins expressed within a tissue section to study the microscopic features. IHC staining is accomplished in two steps:

1) a primary antibody recognizes a particular target protein expressed on a specific cell compartment of a specific cell type on various tissues, and

2) a secondary and tertiary antibody conjugated to a chromogenic enzyme bind with the primary antibody for the detection of the antibody-antigen interaction. In chromogenic detection under a light microscope, an enzyme conjugated to the antibody cleaves a substrate to produce a colored precipitate at the location of the protein

Special AT-rich sequence-binding protein 2 (SATB2) is a nuclear transcription factor that is strongly expressed in the epithelium of the lower gastrointestinal tract (GI) including the colon, appendix, and rectum. SATB2 expression is also observed in neuronal cells of the cerebrum, epithelial cells of renal convoluted tubules, germ cells of testis (primarily spermatocytes), and a subset of lymphocytes. SATB2 has also been reported to be an osteoblastic differentiation biomarker. SATB2 is typically absent in most other tissue specimens (e.g., liver, pancreas, salivary gland, breast, thyroid, pituitary gland, adrenal gland, parathyroid gland, and prostate).

Immunohistochemistry staining for SATB2 can be a valuable tool in the diagnostic examination of cancers, particularly in cases where the primary site of the tumor is unknown (CUP).<sup>6,7</sup> Studies have shown that the combination of SATB2 staining with CDX2 can significantly enhance the identification of colorectal carcinomas with a reported range of 79-95% of cases expressing SATB2.<sup>1,5-9</sup> SATB2 positivity is observed in the majority of neuroendocrine neoplasms originating from the appendix and rectum.<sup>10</sup> On the other hand, SATB2 expression is typically low or absent in gastric carcinomas (0-16%) and pancreatic ductal adenocarcinomas (0-6%).<sup>1,8,11,12</sup> Studies have also shown that fewer than 5% of ovarian carcinomas exhibit SATB2 positivity.<sup>13,14</sup>



Anti-SATB2 antibody labels SATB2 in both normal and neoplastic cells and has a nuclear staining pattern.

The Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] is a primary antibody against human SATB2 protein and is provided in buffered saline containing 1% bovine serum albumin and 0.09% sodium azide. FFPE specimen sections are placed on positively charged slides and the paraffin is removed using the Tissue-Tek Genie® Dewax Solution (EB 8865-G001), after which heat-induced epitope retrieval is performed using the Tissue-Tek Genie® High pH Antigen Retrieval Solution (EB 8744-G001).

IHC demonstration of SATB2 protein in FFPE specimen sections is achieved through the use of the Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] and the Tissue-Tek Genie® PRO Detection Kit, DAB (EE 8826-K250). This procedure entails the sequential application of antibody and kit components as follows:

- Tissue-Tek Genie® Protein Block
- Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023]
- Tissue-Tek Genie® Peroxidase Block
- Tissue-Tek Genie<sup>®</sup> Link
   (binds to the primary antibody)
- Tissue-Tek Genie<sup>®</sup> Poly HRP-Conjugate (binds to the Link)
- Tissue-Tek Genie® DAB (visualizes the detected protein)
- Tissue-Tek Genie® DAB Intensifier

Tissue-Tek Genie® Hematoxylin (EE 8830-M250) is then used to visualize the nuclei of cells. The IHC stained slide is coverslipped and reviewed using a light microscope.

#### **Expected results**

Cellular staining pattern: nuclear

Positive control tissue: appendix/colon, tonsil, testis, or colorectal carcinoma

The specificity and intended use of this antibody were validated by performing IHC staining on the Tissue-Tek Genie Advanced Staining System using normal and neoplastic FFPE tissue sections as follows.

Analytical sensitivity/specificity: A total of 31 types and 172 specimens of normal FFPE tissues were tested. Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] demonstrated moderate to strong nuclear staining in virtually all columnar epithelial cells in appendix/colon (24/24). At least weak to moderate nuclear positivity in dispersed ganglion cells of Auerbach (myenteric) and Meissner nerve plexus may be observed in colon. Scattered, distinct weak to moderate nuclear positivity in interfollicular lymphocytes was observed in tonsil (22/26). No staining was observed in most lymphocytes and tonsillar epithelium (0/26). Weak to moderate nuclear positivity of dispersed germ cells (primarily spermatocytes) within seminiferous tubules was observed in testis (7/7). In kidney, weak to strong nuclear staining in proximal tubules was observed (7/7). Nuclear positivity in osteoblasts may be observed in bone marrow (1/1) and neuronal cells in cerebrum (2/4). No staining was

observed in other normal tissue specimens tested (0/103), including liver (0/5), pancreas (0/13), salivary gland (0/2), breast (0/4), thyroid (0/5), pituitary gland (0/1), adrenal gland (0/5), parathyroid gland (0/1), prostate (0/5), skin (0/6), lung (0/4), ovary (0/2), uterus (0/2), bladder (0/1), and small intestine (0/3).

Precision studies for Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] lots were completed. FFPE tissue sections of appendix/colon were used. Studies were conducted to demonstrate reproducibility in run-to-run (minimum of 2 Genie runs), instrument-to-instrument (2 Genies), station-to-station (minimum of 2 stations), and operator-to-operator (2 operators). The results were compared and met their acceptance criteria: In appendix/colon, moderate to strong, distinct nuclear staining reaction in virtually all columnar epithelial cells and at least weak to moderate nuclear positivity in dispersed ganglion cells of Auerbach (myenteric) and Meissner nerve plexus found in colon; no staining in smooth muscle cells.

These results demonstrate precision of the Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023], which was consistent across lots, runs, instruments, stations, and operators. Precision studies for reproducibility in lot-to-lot (a minimum of 2 lots) will be conducted.

Diagnostic sensitivity/specificity: A total of 35 types and 180 specimens of neoplastic FFPE tissues were tested. Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] demonstrated nuclear positivity of neoplastic cells in colorectal adenocarcinoma (27/33). No staining was observed in neoplastic cells of ovarian carcinoma (0/38), pancreatic adenocarcinoma (0/13), and gastric carcinoma (0/3). Neuroendocrine neoplasms of lower gastrointestinal origin exhibited nuclear positivity in neoplastic cells (3/3). Rare nuclear positivity was observed in neoplastic cells of breast carcinoma (1/9), non-small cell lung carcinoma (1/8), and renal cell carcinoma (1/8). No staining was observed in other neoplasms tested (0/65), including lymphoma (0/6), Hodgkin lymphoma (0/1), rhabdomyosarcoma (0/2), leiomyosarcoma (0/2), prostate adenocarcinoma (0/7), melanoma (0/5), neuroendocrine neoplasms from upper GI (0/5), uterine carcinoma (0/1), and urothelial carcinoma (0/3).

#### Clinical performance:

The Tissue-Tek Genie anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023] demonstrated conformity with the expected clinical performance through analytical studies and assessments of diagnostic performance in conjunction with established scientific validity (summarized in the "Summary and principle" section above with data from the references at the end of this IFU) based on information on other IVD medical devices with the same antibody, textbooks, and available peer-reviewed literature.

Tissue specimen	Established validity	Tissue specimen tested
Appendix/colon, tonsil, testis, kidney	Special AT-rich sequence-binding protein 2 (SATB2) is a nuclear transcription factor	Nuclear staining in virtually all columnar epithelial cells in appendix/colon (24/24).



	that is strongly expressed in the epithelium of the lower gastrointestinal tract (GI) including the colon, appendix, and rectum. <sup>1</sup> SATB2 expression is also observed in epithelial cells of renal convoluted tubules, germ cells of testis (primarily spermatocytes), and a subset of lymphocytes. <sup>2,3</sup>	Scattered, distinct weak to moderate nuclear positivity in interfollicular lymphocytes was observed in tonsil (22/26).  Weak to moderate nuclear positivity of dispersed germ cells (primarily spermatocytes) within seminiferous tubules was observed in testis (7/7).  In kidney, weak to strong nuclear staining in proximal tubules was observed (7/7).
Other normal tissue specimens	SATB2 is typically absent in most other tissue specimens (e.g. liver, pancreas, salivary gland, breast, thyroid, pituitary gland, adrenal gland, parathyroid gland, and prostate). <sup>3</sup>	No staining was observed in other normal tissue specimens tested (0/103), including liver (0/5), pancreas (0/13), salivary gland (0/2), breast (0/4, 0%), thyroid (0/5), pituitary gland (0/1), adrenal gland (0/5), parathyroid gland (0/1), and prostate (0/5).
Colorectal adenocarcinoma	Studies have shown that the combination of SATB2 staining with CDX2 can significantly enhance the identification of colorectal carcinomas with a reported range of 79-95% of cases expressing SATB2. 1,5-9	Nuclear positivity of neoplastic cells in colorectal adenocarcinoma (27/33, 82%).
Ovarian Carcinoma, pancreatic adeno- carcinoma, gastric carcinoma	SATB2 expression is typically low or absent in gastric carcinomas (0-16%) and pancreatic ductal adenocarcinomas (0-6%). 1.8,11,12	No staining was observed in neoplastic cells of ovarian carcinoma (0/38, 0%), pancreatic adenocarcinoma (0/13, 0%), and

Studies have also	gas
shown that fewer	(0/
than 5% of ovarian	
carcinomas exhibit	
SATB2 positivity. 13,14	

gastric carcinoma (0/3, 0%).

Together, this information is sufficient to demonstrate conformity with relevant essential principles without the need for additional clinical performance data.

#### **Cautions and warnings**

For professional use only.

Take reasonable precautions when handling. Avoid contact of reagents with eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

The product should not be exposed to temperatures outside of the storage conditions.

Capsules filled with ready-to-use, pre-diluted, antibody are for single use only. The in-use stability of each capsule is approximately 72 hours when used outside the storage conditions. Do not attempt to refill or add additional reagent. Discard capsule after use.

It is recommended to include appropriate controls on each specimen slide to help in identifying any deviation that might occur during the staining process.

All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Refer to the SDS for further information.

# Specimen collection and preparation for analysis

Routinely processed, formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissues are suitable for use with this reagent when used with Tissue-Tek Genie reagents and a Tissue-Tek Genie Advanced Staining System (see section "Material required but not supplied"). The recommended fixation is performed using 10% (v/v) neutral buffered formalin for 24-72 hours. To Variable results may occur because of prolonged fixation or special processes such as decalcification of bone marrow preparations. Each cut section should be 3-5 µm in thickness and placed on a positively charged glass slide. Slides containing the tissue section may be baked for at least 30 minutes to overnight (typically up to 16 hours) in a 58-60°C oven. To

#### **Storage conditions**

Store this product at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Return unused capsules to 2-8°C.

For the date of expiration, refer to the label on the product.

The reagent will be stable until its expiration date when stored and handled properly. Do not use the reagent beyond its assigned expiration date. Storage conditions other than those specified above must be verified by the user.

Do not use when precipitate is visible in the reagent container.



#### Instructions for use

Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023], RTU, 10 capsules/pack (NET 8356-C010):

- Place the Tissue-Tek Genie® Reagent Dispensing Area Tag (RDA-Tag) attached to the capsule into the RDA.
- Push the capsule into the RDA with foil side down and click the attached RDA-Tag down into place on the RDA.
- Place the RDA on the desired station of the Tissue-Tek Genie Advanced Staining System.
- 4. Place the slide with the specimen section on the same station, specimen section side down.
- 5. Assign protocol 8356 to the same station.
- 6. Initiate execution of protocol 8356.
- The RDA-Tag 8356 will be scanned and registered automatically when the staining process is initiated.
- During the primary antibody application step, the antibody will be released from the capsule into the RDA and onto the specimen section on the slide.
- 9. The staining protocol continues to the end.

#### Material required but not supplied

- Tissue-Tek Genie® Advanced Staining System (REF 8200)
- Positive and negative tissue controls
- Drying oven capable of maintaining a temperature of 58-60°C
- Tissue-Tek Genie<sup>®</sup> Dewax Solution (EF 8865-G001)
- Tissue-Tek Genie<sup>®</sup> Wash Buffer Solution (EF 8874-G004)
- Tissue-Tek Genie<sup>®</sup> High pH Antigen Retrieval Solution
   RE 8744-G001)
- Tissue-Tek Genie® Non-Immune Rabbit Ig Antibody, Negative Control (EE 8605-C010)
- Tissue-Tek Genie® PRO Detection Kit, DAB (EE 8826-K250)
- Tissue-Tek Genie® Hematoxylin (EE 8830-M250)

Further information can be found on the Sakura Finetek USA website at www.sakuraus.com/Genie

#### **Troubleshooting**

Testing run should include proper reagent and tissue controls.

- If the positive control exhibits negative, or weaker, or stronger staining, or more background staining than expected, other positive controls on the same instrument run should be examined to determine if this is due to the antibody, other reagents, software, instrumentation, or the processing and fixation of tissue specimen(s).
- If the paraffin has not been removed completely, the deparaffinization procedure should be verified.
- If tissue sections have washed off, slides should be examined to ensure they are positively charged, and the specimen

- should be examined for possible inadequate processing or fixation.
- Refer to the Tissue-Tek Genie Advanced Staining System operating manual or contact your Sakura Finetek Technical support representative for information or assistance.

### Order information / product provided

Product code, product name and quantity

₪ 8356-C010 Tissue-Tek Genie® anti-SATB2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody [QR023]; RTU, 10 capsules/pack.

NOTE: The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is available online on the Sakura Finetek USA website at www.sakuraus.com/SDS.html

The Summary of Safety and Performance (SSP) is available online via EUDAMED.

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#### Contact

If located within the United States, contact Sakura Finetek USA, Inc. by calling toll free 1-800-725-8723 or contact your Sakura Finetek representative or authorized distributor.

In countries other than the United States, contact the nearest authorized Sakura Finetek instrument distributor or representative. Contact details may be found at www.sakura.com

Any incident should be reported to the manufacturer. In the European Union, any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device shall be reported to the manufacturer, authorized representative, and the competent authority of the appropriate Member State in which the user and/or the patient is established.



## **Symbols**

REF Catalog number LOT Batch code IVD in vitro diagnostic medical device Temperature limitation Use by Manufacturer Consult instructions for use **European Conformity** Authorized representative in the European Community Do not re-use (applies to capsule format only)



Please see product label for lot and expiration date information and if available the date of manufacture





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